

If the pattern has a double line around it, the seam allowances are included.

Note: By default, seam allowances are NOT included (single line) and will need to be added when laying out and cutting details.

Seam Allowance: 1 cm on all seams; hem guidelines are printed on pattern.

Important! Please print all the paper patterns and lay them out at the width of fabric you plan to use (usually from 90 to 150 cm) to see how much fabric you will need.

Don't forget to take into account pieces to be duplicated or cut on a fold. When sewing the garment, pay attention to notches. They must match up with corresponding pieces.

2666 Blouse with Shoulder Pleats and Cuffs

Recommendations on fabric: natural/mixed fabrics suitable for blouses.

You will also need: fusible interfacing; 9 buttons.

CUTTING:

The word, “beam” used on some patterns means “straight of grain”. Some pieces will be cut on the fold, this is noted on the pattern piece. Mark all notches and other design features such as darts, pleats etc. from the pattern onto your fabric.



Seam allowances: all seams – 1 cm. Seam allowance for hem of garment – 2 cm.

Main fabric:

1. Back – cut 1 on fold
2. Front – cut 2
3. Sleeve – cut 2
4. Collar – cut 2
5. Stand collar – cut 2
6. Cuff – cut 2

Fusible interfacing:

1. Collar – cut 1
2. Stand collar – cut 1

3. Cuff – cut 2

INSTRUCTIONS:

1. Apply fusible interfacing. Apply fusible interfacing to the one-piece placket.
2. Form and baste the pleats along the upper edge of the front piece, directing the pleat excess toward the center.
3. Fold the one-piece placket to the wrong side along the marked center front line and press. Fold the long seam allowance of the one-piece placket to the inside and topstitch the placket to the front.
4. Sew the shoulder and side seams. Press the seam allowances toward the back and serge.
5. Pin the upper collar to the lower collar, right sides together, and sew the collar ends and outer edge. Trim the seam allowances, turn the collar right side out, shape, and press. Sew a decorative topstitch 0.5 cm from the edge. Pin the collar stand pieces together, right sides facing, inserting the finished collar between them. Match the notches and sew, stitching the collar stand ends at the same time. Start and stop stitching exactly at the marked seam line between the collar stand and the garment. Turn the finished collar stand right side out and press. Sew the upper collar stand with the collar to the neckline. Fold under the raw edge of the lower collar stand and stitch in the ditch along the upper collar stand seam.
6. Cut the sleeve slit along the marked line. Cut bias tape from the main fabric or use ready-made bias tape 4 cm wide and long enough to equal twice the slit length plus 4 cm. Fold the bias tape in half lengthwise and press. Press the long edges toward the center. Pin the bias tape to the sleeve slit from the right side and sew. Fold the bias tape to the wrong side and topstitch along the fold line. Form and baste the pleat on the sleeve, directing the pleat excess away from the closure.
7. Sew the sleeve seams. Press the seam allowances toward the back and serge. Sew a gathering stitch along each sleeve cap and gather the fullness. Set the sleeves into the armholes, serge the seam allowances, and press.
8. Fold the cuffs in half lengthwise, right sides together, and sew the side edges. Start and stop stitching exactly at the marked cuff seam lines. Turn the cuffs right side out and press. Sew the outer cuff edge to the sleeve. Fold the inner cuff edge to the inside and stitch in the ditch along the outer cuff seam.
9. Turn the hem to the wrong side by 1 cm, then by another 1 cm, and topstitch.
10. Make buttonholes on the right front and sew the buttons onto the left front. Make buttonholes and sew the buttons onto the cuffs.

Tip: For decoration, make buttonholes at the collar ends and sew corresponding buttons onto the front.

Congratulations – your blouse are finished! :)